AusVELS MathematicsAc - Number & Algebra (Strands and Sub-Strands with Elaborations)

PROGRESSION IS HIGHLIGHTED IN THE FOLLOWING DOCUMENT VIA BOLDED TEXT.

Based on Australian Curriculum, Assessment and Reporting Authority (ACARA) materials

			Cross-curriculum priorities		
the second	Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander histories and cultures	0	Asia and Australia's engagement with Asia	+	Sustainability

	PROFICIENCY STRANDS				Sub-strands				
Year Level Indicators	The proficiencies reinforce the significance of working mathematically within the content and describe how the content is explored or developed. They provide the language to build in the	Number and place value		Fractions and decimals		Money and financial mathematics		Patterns and algebra	
	developmental aspects of the learning of mathematics.	Content Descriptor	Elaborations	Content Descriptor	Elaborations	Content Descriptor	Elaborations	Content Descriptor	Elaborations
Foundation	Sourced from Level descriptions: 'At this level: Understanding includes connecting names, numerals and quantities' 'Fluency includes readily counting numbers in sequences, continuing patterns,' 'Problem Solving includes using materials to model authentic problems, sorting objects, using familiar counting sequences to solve unfamiliar problems, and discussing the reasonableness of the answer' 'Reasoning includes explaining comparisons of quantities, creating patterns,'	numbers in sequences, initially to and from 20, moving from any starting point (ACMNA001) (ACMNA001) (ACMNA001) (ACMNA002) (ACMNA002) (ACMNA002) (ACMNA002) (ACMNA003) Subitise small collections of objects (ACMNA003) Compare, order and make correspondences between collections, initially to 20, and explain reasoning (ACMNA289) (ACMNA289) (ACMNA289) (ACMNA289) (ACMNA289) (ACMNA289)	counting in sequence to assist students to recognise ways of counting in local languages and across cultures * Identifying the number words in sequence, backwards and forwards, and reasoning with the number sequences, establishing the language on which subsequent counting experiences can be built * Developing fluency with forwards and backwards counting in meaningful contexts, including stories and rhymes * Understanding that numbers are said in a particular order and there are patterns in the way we say them * Understanding that each object must be counted only once, that the arrangement of objects does not affect how many there are, and that the last number counted answers the 'how many' question * Using scenarios to help students recognise that other cultures count in a variety of ways, such as by placing one pebble in a bag to represent one object (for example to count the number of cattle). * Using subitising as the basis for ordering and comparing collections of numbers * Comparing and ordering items of like and unlike characteristics using the words 'more', 'less', 'same as' and 'not the same as' and giving reasons for these answers * Understanding and using terms such as 'first' and 'second' to indicate ordinal position in a sequence. * Using objects which are personally and culturally relevant to students	N/A	Ν/Α	N/A	N/A	Sort and classify familiar objects and explain the basis for these classifications. Copy, continue and create patterns with object and drawings (ACMNA005)	world around us
Foundation Level Achievement Standard	NOTE: The standards are not divided into sub-strands in the AusVELS documents. However, logic would dictate that the standards could be put into sub- strands, as demonstrated to the right.	e of these sets, and use counting str. combining a They match individual objects wit	merals with sets of up to 20 elements, estimate the siz ategies to solve problems that involve comparing, nd separating these sets. h counting sequences up to and back from 20. he first 10 elements of a set.						

	PROFICIENCY STRANDS							
Year Level Indicators	The proficiencies reinforce the significance of working mathematically within the content and describe how the content is explored or developed. They provide the language to build in the developmental aspects of the		er and place value	Fractio	Sub-strands	Money and financial mathematics		
	learning of mathematics.	Content Descriptor	Elaborations	Content Descriptor	Elaborations	Content Descriptor	Elaborations	
Level 1	Sourced from Level descriptions: 'At this level: Understanding includes connecting names, numerals and quantities, and partitioning numbers in various ways' 'Fluency includes counting number in sequences readily forward and backwards, locating numbers on a line,' 'Problem Solving includes using materials to model authentic problems, using familiar counting sequences to solve unfamiliar problems, using familiar counting sequences to solve unfamiliar problems and discussing the reasonableness of the answer' 'Reasoning includes,' 'explaining patterns that have been created'	Develop confidence with number sequences to and from 100 by ones from any starting point. Skip count by twos, fives and tens starting from zero (ACMNA012) Recognise, model, read, write and order numbers to at least 100. Locate these numbers on a number line (ACMNA013) Count collections to 100 by partitioning numbers using place value (ACMNA014) Represent and solve simple addition and subtraction problems using a range of strategies including counting on, partitioning and rearranging parts (ACMNA015)	Developing fluency with forwards and backwards counting in meaningful contexts such as circle games Modelling numbers with a range of material and images Identifying numbers that are represented on a number line and placing numbers on a prepared number line Understanding partitioning of numbers and the importance of grouping in tens Understanding two-digit numbers as comprised of tens and ones/units Developing a range of mental strategies for addition	Recognise and describe one-half as one of two equal parts of a whole. (ACMNA016)	 Sharing a collection of readily available materials into two equal portions Splitting an object into two equal pieces and describing how the pieces are equal 	Recognise, describe and order Australian coins according to their value (ACMNA017)	 Showing that coins are different countries by comparing coins to Australian coins Understanding that the value Australian coins is not related Describing the features of of make it possible to identify the statement of the	
Level 1 Achievement Standard	NOTE: The standards are not divided into sub-strands in the AusVELS documents. However, logic would dictate that the standards could be put into sub- strands, as demonstrated to the right.	Students describe number sequences resulting from skip counting by 2s, 5s and 10s. Students count to and from 100 and locate numbers on a number line. They partition numbers using place value and carry out simple additions and subtractions, using counting strategies.		They identify representations of one half.		Students recognise Australian coins according to their value.		

	Patterns and al	gebra
	Content Descriptor	Elaborations
lifferent in ing Asian	Investigate and describe number patterns formed by skip counting and patterns with objects	* Using place-value patterns beyond the teens to generalise the number sequence and predict the next number
alue of ited to size	(ACMNA018)	* Investigating patterns in the number system, such as the occurrence of a
of coins that them		particular digit in the numbers to 100
	Students describe number sequences resulting from skip counting by 2s, 5s and 10s.	
	They continue simple patterns involving numbers and objects with and without the use of digital technology.	

PROFICIENCY STRANDS				Sub-strands				
The proficiencies reinforce the significance of working mathematically within the content and describe how the content is explored or developed. They provide the language to build in the developmental aspects of the	Number and place value		Fractio	Fractions and decimals		ncial mathematics	Patterns and a	Ilgebra
	Content Descriptor	Elaborations	Content Descriptor	Elaborations	Content Descriptor	Elaborations	Content Descriptor	Elaborations
'At this level:	(ACMNA026) Recognise, model, represent and order numbers to at least 1000 (ACMNA027) Group, partition and rearrange collections up to 1000 in hundreds, tens and ones to facilitate more efficient counting (ACMNA028) (ACMNA028) Explore the connection between addition and subtraction (ACMNA029) Solve simple addition and subtraction problems using a range of efficient mental and written strategies (ACMNA030) Recognise and represent multiplication as repeated addition, groups and arrays (ACMNA031) Recognise and represent division as grouping into equal sets and solve simple problems using these representations	 * Understanding three-digit numbers as comprised of hundreds, tens and ones/units * Demonstrating and using models such as linking blocks, sticks in bundles, place-value blocks and Aboriginal bead strings and explaining reasoning * Becoming fluent with partitioning numbers to understand the connection between addition and subtraction * Using counting on to identify the missing element in an additive problem * Becoming fluent with a range of mental strategies for addition and subtraction problems, such as commutativity for addition, building to 10, doubles, 10 facts and adding 10 * Modelling and representing simple additive situations using materials such as 10 frames, 20 frames and empty number lines * Representing array problems with available materials and explaining reasoning * Visualising a group of objects as a unit and using this to calculate the number of objects in several identical groups * Dividing the class or a collection of objects into equal-sized groups 	Recognise and interpret common uses of halves, quarters and eighths of shapes and collections (ACMNA033)	 * Recognising that sets of objects can be partitioned in different ways to demonstrate fractions * Relating the number of parts to the size of a fraction 	Count and order small collections of Australian coins and notes according to their value (ACMNA034)	* Identifying equivalent values in collections of coins or notes, such as two five-cent coins having the same value as one 10 cent coin * Counting collections of coins or notes to make up a particular value, such as that shown on a price tag	(ACMNA035)	 Describing a pattern created by skip counting and representing the pattern on a number line Investigating features of number patterns resulting from adding twos, fives or 10s Representing a word problem as a number sentence Writing a word problem to represent a number sentence
NOTE: The standards are not divided into sub-strands in the AusVELS documents. However, logic would dictate that the standards could be put into sub- strands, as demonstrated to the right.	2s, 3s, 5s and 10s, identify the missing element in a number sequence, and use digital technology to produce sequences by constant addition. ← They perform simple addition and subtraction calculations, using a range of strategies.		and they divide collections and shapes into halves, quarters and eighths.				>	
	The proficiencies reinforce the significance of working mathematically within the content and describe how the content is explored or developed. They provide the language to build in the developmental aspects of the learning of mathematics. Sourced from Level descriptions: 'At this level: Understanding includes connecting number calculations with counting sequences, partitioning and combining numbers flexibly, identifying and describing the relationship between addition and subtraction and between multiplication and division Fluency includes counting numbers in sequences readily,' 'Problem Solving includes formulating problems from authentic situations, making models and using number sentences that represent problem situations,' 'Reasoning includes using known facts to derive strategies for unfamiliar calculations, comparing and contrasting related models of operations,'	The proficiencies reinforce the significance of working mathematically within the content is explored or developed. They provide the language to build in the developmental aspects of the learning of mathematics. Sourced from Level descriptions: Understanding includes connection number calculations with counting sequences, partitioning and describing the relationship between addition and subtraction and between multiplication and defives in the sequences and dere as to 000 (ACMNA027) Fluency includes counting numbers flexibly, identifying and describing the relationship between addition and subtraction and subtraction and defives in sequences readily,' (, Problem Solving includes formulating problems from authenic situations, making models and using number sentences that represent problem situations,' (, Problem Solving includes using known facts to derive strategies for unfamiliar calculations,,' (, Reasoning includes using known facts to derive strategies for unfamiliar calculations, ' (, Reasoning includes using known facts to derive strategies for unfamiliar calculations, ' (, Reasoning includes using known facts to derive strategies for unfamiliar calculations, ' (, Reasoning includes using known facts to derive strategies for unfamiliar calculations, ' (, Reasoning includes using known facts to derive strategies (ACMNA029) Solve simple problems using a range of efficient mental and written strategies (ACMNA03) Recognise and represent moving using a range of efficient mental and written strategies (ACMNA031) Recognise and represent division as grouping into equal sets and solve simple problems using a range of strategies involving 28, 38, 58 and 108, identify the missing 28, 35, 55 and 108, identify the missing 38, 36 emonstrated to the right.	The proficiencies relations the significance of working mathematically within the content is optimet or developed. They provide the language to build in the origination of working encemptation and sequences. Initially the language to build in the origination of working developed. They working an underse stagences. Initially the language to build in the origination of working encemptations with recent descriptions. The moving acquirences participation and thermatics. Content Descriptor Elaborations Developing fluency and contifience with numbers and activations of the second stagences. International developing fluency and contifience with numbers and activation of the second stagences. Content Descriptor Elaborations Developing fluency and contifience with numbers and activation of the second stagences. 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Compounds and subtraction in delaways and represent numbers and advision fluency with writing numbers and subtraction in delaways and subtraction in delaways and represent numbers and advising and advising and advision fluency with writing numbe	The profouncies relations the subdiscion of working and decorb by the scotter in explose of working and decorb by the scotter in explose of averaged. They control is elimitation that is an intervent of the scotter is approved in the impacts of the control in the scotter of the scotter of multivest description. Number and place value Content Descriptor Sourced from Lared description description in multivest control in the scotter of the scotter of multivest description. 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Year Level Indicators	The proficiencies reinforce the significance of working mathematically within the content and describe how the content is explored or developed. They provide the language to build in the	Numb	er and place value	Fractio	ons and decimals	Money and finar	ncial mathematics
	developmental aspects of the learning of mathematics.	Content Descriptor	Elaborations	Content Descriptor	Elaborations	Content Descriptor	Elaborations
Level 3	Sourced from Level descriptions: 'At this level: Understanding includes connecting number representations with number sequences, partitioning and combining numbers flexibly, representing unit fractions,' ',Fluency includes recalling multiplication facts,' ',Problem Solving includes,' ',Using number properties to continue number patterns Reasoning includes using generalising from number properties and results of calculations,'	odd and even numbers (ACMNA051) Recognise, model, represent and order numbers to at least 10 000 (ACMNA052) Apply place value to partition, rearrange and regroup numbers to at least 10 000 to assist calculations and solve problems (ACMNA053) Recognise and explain the connection between addition and subtraction (ACMNA054) Recall addition facts for single-digit numbers and related subtraction facts to develop increasingly efficient mental strategies for computation (ACMNA055) Recall multiplication facts of two, three, five and ten and related division facts (ACMNA056)	 hundreds, 1000 tens and 10 000 ones * Justifying choices about partitioning and regrouping numbers in terms of their usefulness for particular calculations * Demonstrating the connection between addition and subtraction using partitioning or by writing equivalent number sentences * Recognising that certain single-digit number combinations always result in the same answer for addition and subtraction, and using this knowledge for addition and subtraction of larger numbers * Combining knowledge of addition and subtraction facts and partitioning to aid computation (for example 57 + 19 - 57 + 20 - 1) * Establishing multiplication facts using number sequences * Writing simple word problems in numerical form 		 * Partitioning areas, lengths and collections to create halves, thirds, quarters and fifths, such as folding the same sized sheets of paper to illustrate different unit fractions and comparing the number of parts with their sizes * Locating unit fractions on a number line * Recognising that in English the term 'one third' is used (order: numerator, denominator) but that in other languages this concept may be expressed as 'three parts, one of them' (order: denominator, numerator) for example Japanese 	Represent money values in multiple ways and count the change required for simple transactions to the nearest five cents (ACMNA059)	* Recognising the relationship between dollars and cents, a not all countries use these denominations and divisions example Japanese Yen)
Level 3 Achievement Standard	NOTE: The standards are not divided into sub-strands in the AusVELS documents. However, logic would dictate that the standards could be put into sub- strands, as demonstrated to the right.	They recognise the connection between addition and subtraction, and solve problems using efficient strategies for multiplication with and without the use of digital technology. Students count to and from 10 000. Students recall addition and multiplication facts for single-digit numbers. They classify numbers as either odd or even, continue number patterns involving addition and subtraction, and explore simple number sequences b ased on multiples.		Students model and represent unit fractions for halves, thirds, quarters, fifths and eights, and multiples of these up to one.		They represent money values in various ways and correctly count out change from financial transactions.	

	Patterns and a	gebra
	Content Descriptor	Elaborations
hip , and that	Describe, continue, and create number patterns resulting from performing addition or subtraction	* Identifying and writing the rules for number patterns
ns (for	(ACMNA060)	* Describing a rule for a number pattern, then creating the pattern

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Level 4	'At this level: Understanding includes making connections between representations of numbers, partitioning and combining numbers flexibly, extending place value to decimals,' 'Fluency includes recalling multiplication tables, communicating sequences of simple fractions,' 'Problem Solving includes formulating, modelling and recording authentic situations involving operations, comparing large numbers with each other,' 'and using properties of numbers to continue patterns Reasoning includes using generalising from number properties and results of calculations, deriving strategies for unfamiliar multiplication and division tasks,'	thousands to assist calculations and solve problems (ACMNA073) Investigate number sequences involving multiples of 3, 4, 6, 7, 8, and 9 (ACMNA074) Recall multiplication facts up to 10×10 and related division facts (ACMNA075) Develop efficient mental and written strategies and use appropriate digital	numbers or one odd and one even number, then using the relationships established to check the accuracy of calculations * Reproducing five-digit numbers in words using their numerical representations, and vice versa * Recognising and demonstrating that the place- value pattern is built on the operations of multiplication or division of tens * Recognising that number sequences can be extended indefinitely, and determining any patterns in the sequences * Using known multiplication facts to calculate related division facts * Using known facts and strategies, such as	(ACMNA077) Count by quarters halves and thirds, including with mixed numerals. Locate and represent these fractions on a number line (ACMNA078) Recognise that the place value system can be extended to tenths and hundredths. Make connections between fractions and	 * Exploring the relationship between families of fractions (halves, quarters and eighths or thirds and sixths) by folding a series of paper strips to construct a fraction wall * Converting mixed numbers to improper fractions and vice versa * Investigating the use of fractions and sharing as a way of managing Country: for example taking no more than half the eggs from a nest to protect future bird populations * Using division by 10 to extend the place-value system * Using knowledge of fractions and decimal notation 	digital technologies (ACMNA080)	 Recognising that not all countries use dollars and cents, e.g. India uses rupees. Carrying out calculations in another currency as well as in dollars and cents, and identifying both as decimal systems 	Explore and describe number patterns resulting from performing multiplication (ACMNA081) Solve word problems by using number sentences involving multiplication or division where there is no remainder (ACMNA082) Use equivalent number sentences involving addition and subtraction to find unknown quantities (ACMNA083)	 Patterns in everyday life * Representing a word problem as a number sentence * Writing a word problem using a given number sentence
Level 4 Achievement Standard	NOTE: The standards are not divided into sub-strands in the AusVELS documents. However, logic would dictate that the standards could be put into sub- strands, as demonstrated to the right.	Students choose appropriate strategies for calculations involving multiplication and division, with and without the use of digital technology, and estimate answers accurately enough for the context. Students use the properties of odd and even numbers, and describe number patterns resulting from multiplication. Students recall multiplication facts to 10		Students locate familiar fractions on a number line, recognise common equivalent fractions in familiar contexts and make connections between fraction and decimal notations up to two decimal places.		Students solve simple purchasing problems with and without the use of digital technology.		Students identify unknown quantities in number sentences. Students continue number sequences involving multiples of single-digit numbers and unit fractions, and locate them on a number line.	

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	The proficiencies reinforce the				Sub-strands				
Year Level Indicators	significance of working mathematically within the content and describe how the content is	Numb	ber and place value	Fractic	ns and decimals	Money and finar	ncial mathematics	Patterns and a	lgebra
	explored or developed. They provide the language to build in the developmental aspects of the learning of mathematics.	Content Descriptor	Elaboration	Content Descriptor	Elaborations	Content Descriptor	Elaborations	Content Descriptor	Elaborations
	Sourced from Level descriptions:		* Exploring factors and multiples using number	Compare and order common unit	* Recognising the connection between the order of	Create simple financial plans	* Creating a simple budget for a class		* Using the number line or diagrams
	'At this level:	multiples of whole numbers and use them to solve problems	sequences * Using simple divisibility tests	fractions and locate and represent them on a number line	unit fractions and their denominators	(ACMNA106)	fundraising event * Identifying the GST component of	fractions, decimals and whole numbers resulting from addition and subtraction	to create patterns involving fractions or decimals
	Understanding includes making	(ACMNA098)		(ACMNA102)			invoices and receipts	(ACMNA107)	
	connections between representations of numbers, using fractions to represent probabilities, comparing and ordering fractions and decimals	the reasonableness of answers to calculations	 * Recognising the usefulness of estimation to check calculations * Applying mental strategies to estimate the result of calculations, such as estimating the cost of a 		* Modelling and solving addition and subtraction problems involving fractions by using jumps on a number line, or making diagrams of fractions as parts of shapes			7	
	and representing them in various ways,'	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	supermarket trolley load	, ,					
Level 5	ways,' ',Fluency includes,' ',using estimation to check the	large numbers by one-or two-digit numbers using efficient mental, written	ff * Exploring techniques for multiplication such as the area model, the Italian lattice method or the partitioning of numbers	Recognise that the place value system can be extended beyond hundredths	* Using knowledge of place value and division by 10 to extend the number system to thousandths and beyond			Use equivalent number sentences involving multiplication and division to find unknown quantities	* Using relevant problems to develop number sentences
Level 5	reasonableness of answers to calculations,'	strategies and appropriate digital technologies (ACMNA100)	* Applying the distributive law and using arrays to model multiplication and explain calculation strategies	(ACMNA104)	* Recognising the equivalence of one thousandths and 0.001			(ACMNA121)	
	', Problem Solving includes formulating and solving authentic problems using whole numbers and creating financial plans	Solve problems involving division by a	* Using the fact that equivalent division calculations result if both numbers are divided by the same factor	Compare, order and represent decimals (ACMNA105)	* Locating decimals on a number line				
	Reasoning includes investigating strategies to perform calculations	(ACMNA101)	 Interpreting and representing the remainder in division calculations sensibly for the context 						
	efficiently, continuing patterns involving fractions and decimals,'	Use efficient mental and written strategies and apply appropriate digital technologies to solve problems	* using calculators to check the reasonableness of answers	k					
	-	(ACMNA291)							
	NOTE: The standards are not divided into sub-strands in the AusVELS documents. However,	Students solve simple problems involving the four operations using a range of strategies including digital technology.		Students order decimals and unit fractions and locate them on number lines.		They explain plans for simple budgets.		They find unknown quantities in number sentences, and continue patterns by adding and subtracting fractions and decimals.	
Level 5 Achievement Standard	logic would dictate that the standards could be put into sub- strands, as demonstrated to the	They estimate to check the reasonableness of answers and approximate answers by rounding.		They add and subtract fractions with the same denominator.					
	right.	Students identify and describe factors and multiples.		<					

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Year Level Indicators		Numb	Number and place value		Fractions and decimals		ial mathematics	Patterns and	algebra
		Content Descriptor	Elaboration	Content Descriptor	Elaborations	Content Descriptor	Elaborations	Content Descriptor	Elaborations
	and describe how the content is explored or developed. They provide the language to build in the developmental aspects of the learning of mathematics.	Content Descriptor Identify and describe properties of prime composite, square and triangular numbers (ACMNA122) Select and apply efficient mental and written strategies and appropriate digital technologies to solve problems involving all four operations with whole numbers (ACMNA123) Investigate everyday situations that use integers.	Elaboration	Content Descriptor Compare fractions with related denominators and locate and represent them on a number line (ACMINA125) Solve problems involving addition and subtraction of fractions with the same or related denominators (ACMINA126) Find a simple fraction of a quantity where the result is a whole number, with and without digital technologies (ACMINA127) Add and subtract decimals, with and without digital technologies, and use estimation and rounding to check the reasonableness of answers (ACMINA128)	Elaborations * Demonstrating equivalence between fractions using drawings and models * Understanding the processes for adding and subtracting fractions with related denominators and fractions as an operator, in preparation for calculating with all fractions * Solving realistic additive (addition and subtraction) problems involving fractions to develop understanding of equivalent fractions and the use of fractions as operators * Modelling and solving additive problems involving fractions to a superators * Modelling and solving additive problems involving fractions as imported and the use of fractions as operators * Modelling and solving additive problems involving fractions by using methods such as jumps on a number line, or by making diagrams of fractions as parts of shapes * Recognising that finding one third of a quantity is the same as dividing by 3 * Extending whole-number strategies to explore and develop meaningful written strategies for addition and subtraction of decimal numbers to thousandths * Exploring and practising efficient methods for solving problems requiring operations on decimals, to gain fluency with calculating with decimals and with recognising appropriate operations	Content Descriptor Investigate and calculate percentage discounts of 10%, 25% and 50% on sale items, with and without digital technologies (ACMNA132)	Elaborations Using authentic information to		
				Multiply decimals by whole numbers and perform divisions by non-zero whole numbers where the results are terminating decimals, with and without digital technologies (ACMNA129) Multiply and divide decimals by powers of 10 (ACMNA130) Make connections between equivalent fractions, decimals and percentages (ACMNA131)	* Multiplying and dividing decimals by multiples of powers of 10 * Connecting fractions, decimals and percentages a				

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Year Level Indicators	significance of working mathematically within the content and describe how the content is explored or developed. They provide the language to build in the developmental aspects of the learning of mathematics.	Number	Number and place value		Fractions and decimals		Money and financial mathematics		jebra
		Content Descriptor	Elaboration	Content Descriptor	Elaborations	Content Descriptor	Elaborations	Content Descriptor	Elaborations
Level 6 Achievement Standard	NOTE: The standards are not divided into sub-strands in the AusVELS documents. However, logic would dictate that the standards could be put into sub- strands, as demonstrated to the right.	Students recognise the properties of prime, composite, square and triangular numbers and determine sets of these numbers. They solve problems involving all four operations with whole numbers and describe the use of integers in everyday contexts.		They solve problems involving the addition and subtraction of related fractions. BELONGS IN MEASUREMENT AND GEOMETRY They use ordered pairs of integers to represent coordinates of points and locate a point in any one of the four quadrants on the Cartesian plane. They make connections between the powers of 10 and the multiplication and division of decimals. Students locate fractions and integers on a number line and connect fractions, decimals and percentages as different representations of the same number. FROM STATISTICS & PROBABILITY They specify, list and communicate probabilities of events using simple ratios, fractions, decimals and percentages. Students add, subtract and multiply decimals and divide decimals where the result is rational. They calculate a simple fraction of a quantity		and calculate common percentage discounts on sale items, with and without the use of digital technology.		They specify rules to generate sequences involving whole numbers, fractions and decimals. Students write number sentences using brackets and order of operations,	

					Sub-strands				
Year Level Indicators	PROFICIENCY STRANDS	Nu	imber and place value	Fractio	ns and decimals	Money and fina	ancial mathematics	Patterns and a	algebra
indicators		Content Descriptor Elaboration		Content Descriptor Elaborations		Content Descriptor	Elaborations	Content Descriptor	Elaborations
	Sourced from Level descriptions: 'At this level:	Investigate index notation and repres whole numbers as products of power of prime numbers	ent * Defining and comparing prime and composite numbers and explaining the difference between them * Applying knowledge of factors to strategies for			Investigate and calculate 'best buy: with and without digital technologie (ACMNA174)	s', * Applying the unitary method to s identify 'best buys' situations, such as comparing the cost per 100g	Introduce the concept of variables as a way o representing numbers using letters	f * Understanding that arithmetic laws are powerful ways of describing and simplifying calculations and that
	Understanding includes describing patterns in uses of indices with whole numbers, recognising equivalences between fractions, decimals, percentages and ratios, plotting points on the Cartesian plane, ',and connecting the laws and properties of numbers to algebraic terms and	hh prime factors, such as repeated division by prime factors or creating factor trees N/A - See Real Numbers s, s, h Solving problems involving lowest common multiples and greatest common divisors (highest common factors) for pairs of whole numbers by		(ACMNA175)	using these laws leads to the generality of algebra				
	expressions Fluency includes calculating accurately with integers, representing fractions and decimals	Investigate and use square roots of perfect square numbers (ACMNA150)	and developing square-root notation * Investigating between which two whole numbers a	Re	eal numbers	Linear and non	linear relationships	Create algebraic expressions and evaluate them by substituting a given value for each variable	* Using authentic formulas to perform substitutions
	in various ways, investigating best buys, finding measures of central	Apply the associative, commutative	square root lies * Understanding that arithmetic laws are powerful		1		1	(ACMNA176) Extend and apply the laws and properties o	* Identifying order of operations in
	tendency,' ', Problem Solving includes		and ways of describing and simplifying calculations	Content Descriptor	Elaborations	Content Descriptor	Elaborations	arithmetic to algebraic terms and expressions	contextualised problems, preserving the order by inserting brackets in numerical expressions, then
	formulating and solving authentic problems using numbers,'	(ACMNA151) Compare, order, add and subtrac	N/A	Compare fractions using equivalence.	Exploring equivalence among families of fractions by			(ACMNA177)	recognising how order is preserved by convention
	',Reasoning includes applying the number laws to calculations,' ',applying an understanding of ratio,'	integers (ACMNA280)		Locate and represent positive and negative fractions and mixed numbers on a number line	using a fraction wall or a number line (for example by using a fraction wall to show that 2/3 is the same as 4/6 and 6/9)	the Cartesian plane, and find coordinates for a given point (ACMNA178)	integer values and recognising simple patterns, such as points that lie on a straight line		* Moving fluently between algebraic and word representations as descriptions of the same situation
				(ACMNA152) Solve problems involving addition and subtraction of fractions, including those with unrelated denominators (ACMNA153)	* Exploring and developing efficient strategies to solve additive problems involving fractions (for example by using fraction walls or rectangular arrays with dimensions equal to the denominators)	Solve simple linear equations (ACMNA179)	* Solving equations using concrete materials, such as the balance model, and explain the need to do the same thing to each side of the equation using substitution to check solutions		
Level 7					* Investigating multiplication of fractions and decimals, using strategies including patterning and	Investigate, interpret and analyse graphs from authentic data	* Investigating a range of strategies to solve equations * Using travel graphs to investigate and compare the distance travelled		
				technologies (ACMNA154)	multiplication as repeated addition, with both concrete materials and digital technologies, and identifying the processes for division as the inverse	(ACMNA180)	to and from school * Interpreting features of travel		
				Express one quantity as a fraction of another, with and without the use of digital technologies	of multiplication * Using authentic examples for the quantities to be expressed and understanding the reasons for the calculations		graphs such as the slope of lines and the meaning of horizontal lines * Using graphs of evaporation rates to explore water storage		
				(ACMNA155) Round decimals to a specified number of decimal places	* Using rounding to estimate the results of calculations with whole numbers and decimals, and understanding the conventions for rounding		lo explore water storage		
				(ACMNA156)	* Justifying choices of written, mental or calculator				
				percentages and carry out simple conversions	strategies for solving specific problems including those involving large numbers				
				(ACMNA157)	* Understanding that quantities can be represented by different number types and calculated using various operations, and that choices need to be made about each				
					* Calculating the percentage of the total local municipal area set aside for parkland, manufacturing, retail and residential dwellings to compare land use				
				Find percentages of quantities and express one quantity as a percentage of another, with and without digital technologies.	* Using authentic problems to express quantities as percentages of other amounts				
				(ACMNA158) Recognise and solve problems involving simple ratios (ACMNA173)	* Understanding that rate and ratio problems can be solved using fractions or percentages and choosing the most efficient form to solve a particular problem				

Year Level Indicators	PROFICIENCY STRANDS	Sub-strands							
		Number and place value		Real numbers		Money and financial mathematics	Linear and non-linear relationships	Patterns and algebra	
		Content Descriptor	Elaboration	Content Descriptor	Elaborations			Content Descriptor	Elaborations
Level 7 Achievement Standard	NOTE: The standards are not divided into sub-strands in the AusVELS documents. However, logic would dictate that the standards could be put into sub- strands, as demonstrated to the right.	Students solve problems involving the comparison, addition and subtraction of integers. They make the connections between whole numbers and index notation and the relationship between perfect squares and square roots. They make simple estimates to judge the reasonableness of results.		They solve problems involving all four operations with fractions, decimals and percentages, and their equivalences, and express fractions in their simplest form.		They compare the cost of items to make financial decisions, with and without the use of digital technology.	MEASUREMENT AND GEOMETRY	Students use variables to represent arbitrary numbers using, and connect the laws and properties for numbers to algebra and substitute numbers into algebraic expressions.	